Product Profile

Pennchlor 90G[®]

Chlortetracycline Type A Medicated Article

Product Description

- Antibacterial premix for oral administration in feed to chickens, turkeys, cattle, swine, and sheep
- Each pound of premix contains 90 grams of chlortetracycline activity



CATTLE Now Approvo

with Rumensin

Formulation

- Granular free-flowing feed medication.
- Ingredients: Chlortetracycline calcium complex, calcium carbonate, roughage products, mineral oil.

FDA Status

- CAUTION: Federal law restricts medicated feed containing this veterinary feed directive (VFD) drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- Type A Medicated Article for use in the manufacture of medicated dry feeds (not for use in liquid feeds).
- Category I drug; does not require a feedmill license.

Withdrawal Period

- o days for livestock and turkeys.
- 24-hour withdrawal for chickens.
- Different withdrawal times may be required for certain export markets.

Indications (Partial List, See Back)

• Chickens: Control of infectious synovitis (*Mycoplasma synoviae*); control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infection (*Mycoplasma gallisepticum, Escherichia coli*); reduction of mortality due to *E. coli*.

- Turkeys: Control of infectious synovitis (*M. synoviae*); control of hexamitiasis (*Hexamita meleagrides*); reduction of mortality due to paratyphoid (*Salmonella typhimurium*); control of complicating bacteria associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis).
- Cattle: For the reduction of the incidence of liver abscesses; treatment and control of bacterial pneumonia (*Pasteurella* spp.); treatment of bacterial enteritis (*E. coli*); control of active infection of anaplasmosis (*Anaplasma marginale*).
- Swine: Treatment of bacterial enteritis (*E. coli, Salmonella choleraesuis*) and bacterial pneumonia (*Pasteurella multocida*); control of leptospirosis (*Leptospira pomona*); reducing the incidence of jowl abscesses (Group E streptococci).

Packaging

• 50-lb, purple color-coded bags.

Key Features

- Tried and trusted, cost-effective treatment option vs injectable therapy.
- Broad spectrum, effective against both Gram-positive and Gram-negative organisms that can cause respiratory, enteric, or reproductive diseases.
- Readily absorbed, providing effective blood and lung tissue concentrations.
- Versatile, with combination approvals including*: Deccox[®] (cattle), Rumensin[®] (cattle), BioCox[®] (chicken), Coban[®] (chicken), Denagard[®] (swine), BMD[®] (swine)
- Granular formulation promotes consistent mixing with less dust.
- High-quality manufacturing at US Pharmgate facilities according to FDA requirements.
- Color-coded bag for easy identification.

*See Bluebird labels for details.



1800 Sir Tyler Drive Wilmington, NC | 28405 910.679.8364 **Pharmgate.com**

The labeling contains complete use information, including any cautions and warnings. Always read, understand and follow the labeling and use directions. See the reverse side for use directions and additional information.

Pennchlor[®] $90 G^{\text{}}$

Chlortetracycline Type A Medicated Article

Ingredients:	Chlortetracycline, Calcium Carbonate, Roughage Products and Mineral Oil.				
			ure of Medicated Feeds FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SU	PPLEM	ENTS
Directions For Use					
Indications For Use	Use Levels of Chlortetracycline	lbs. of Pennchlor 90 G® per ton	Indications For Use	Use Levels of Chlortetracycline	lbs. of Pennchlor 90 per ton
Chickens			Swine		
For Chickens: Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)	100-200g/ton	1.11-2.22	For Swine: Reducing the incidence of cervical lymphadenitis (jowl abscesses) caused by <i>Group E</i> <i>Streptococci</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.	50-100g/ton	0.555-1.11
WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO CHICKENS PRODUCING EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD.			For Breeding Swine: Control of leptospirosis (reducing the instances of abortions and shedding of leptospirae) caused by <i>Leptospira pomona</i> susceptible	400g/ton	4.44
For Chickens: Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infection caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum and Escherichia coli susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)	200-400g/ton	2.22-4.44	to chlortetracycline. (Feed continuously for not more than 14 days) For Swine: Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by	Food approvin	astalia 400 a
WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO CHICKENS PRODUCING EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD.			Escherichia oli and Salmonella cholcreasi and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Feed for not more than 14 days)	Feed approximately 400 g, varying with body weight and feed consumption to provide 10 mg/lb body weight/day	
For Chickens: Reduction of mortality due to Escherichia coli infections susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Feed for 5 days) WARNING: DO NOCHERD TO CHUCKENG	500g/ton	5.55	CALVES, BEEF CATTLE, AND		
WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO CHICKENS PRODUCING EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. WITHDRAW 24 HOURS PRIOR TO SLAUGHTER.			NONLACTATING DAIRY CATTLE WARNING: A WITHDRAWAL PERIOD HAS NOT BEEN ESTABLISHED FOR THIS		
Turkeys			PRODUCT IN PRE-RUMINATING CALVES, DO NOT USE IN CALVES TO BE PROCESSED FOR VEAL.		
For Turkeys: Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days) WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO TURKEYS PRODUCING EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.	200g/ton	2.22	For Growing Cattle (over 400 lbs.): For the reduction of the incidence of liver abscesses. WARNING: ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD.	70 mg/head/o	lay
ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD. For Turkeys: Control of hexamitiasis caused by <i>Hexamita meleagrides</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.	400g/ton	4.44	For Beef Cattle: For the control of bacterial pneumonia associated with shipping fever complex caused by <i>Pasteurella</i> spp. susceptible to chlortetracycline.	350 mg/head/	day
(Feed continuously for 7-14 days) WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO TURKEYS PRODUCING EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD.			WARNING: ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD. For Beef Cattle (under 700 lbs.): Control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by Anaplasma	350 mg/head/	day
For Turkeys: Turkey poults not over 4 weeks of age: Reduction of mortality due to paratyphoid caused by	400g/ton	4.44	marginale susceptible to chlortetracycline. WARNING: ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD.		
Salmonella typhimurium susceptible to chlortetracycline.	25 mg/lb.bod	uurojoht/dou	For Beef Cattle (over 700 lbs.): Control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma</i> marginale susceptible to chlortetracycline.	0.5 mg/lb body weight/da	
For Turkeys: Control of complicating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis) susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days) WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO TURKEYS PRODUCING EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD.	25 mg/lb body weight/day		WARNING: ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD. For Calves, Beef, and Nonlactating Dairy Cattle: For treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichin coli and bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Treat for not more than 5 days) WARNING: ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD.	10 mg/lb body	vweight/da
Sheep					
For Breeding Sheep: Reducing the incidence of (vibrionic) abortion caused by <i>Campylobacter fetus</i> infection susceptible to chlortetracycline. WARNING: ZERO-DAY WITHDRAWAL PERIOD.	80 mg/head/	day			



1800 Sir Tyler Drive Wilmington, NC | 28405 910.679.8364 **Pharmgate.com**