Deracin 50 Meal

Chlortetracycline Type A Medicated Article

Active Drug Ingredients: Chlortetracycline as Chlortetracycline Calcium Complex equivalent to 50 grams Chlortetracycline Hydrochloride /lb.							
Ingredients: Dried Streptomyces aureofaciens fermentation product in a carrier suitable for incorporation in feed.							
For Use in the Manufacture of Medicated Animal Feeds.							
CAUTION: For use in Dry Feeds ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID MEDICATED FEEDS.							
Use directions: Mix sufficient Deracin™ 50 Meal Type A Medicated Article to supply desired concentration of chlortetracycline per ton with part of the feed ingredients to make a preblend. Add the remainder of the ingredients and mix thoroughly. For specific use levels, see Indications for Use.							
Mixing directions			Λ	nount of	- W.T. is a second of the first		
	Level desired gr per ton		Amount of medicated article per ton*		* It is recommended that 1 pound of Deracin™ 50 Meal Type A Medicated Article be diluted with 4 pounds of one of the feed ingredients to form a 5 pound		
	10 50 100 200			1/5 lb 1 lb	working premix. Use 1 pound of the working premix to make a preblend (see Use Directions) for a Type C feed		
				2 lb 4 lb	containing 10 g chlortetracycline / top of feed		
		400		8 lb			
		500		10 lb Chlortetracycline		In complete feed	
Indications For U	se			mg per lb body weight per day	Indications For Use	chlortetracycline g per ton	
Cattle Beef Cattle (over 700lib): control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.				0.5	Swine Reduction in the incidence of cervical lymphadenitis (jowl abscesses) caused by Group E. Streptococci susceptible to chlortetracycline.	50-100	
Beef and Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle: As an aid in the control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by Anaplasma marginale susceptible to chlortetracycline. For use in free-choice feeds. A medicated feed mill license is required when the free-choice feed is manufactured using a proprietary formula and/or specifications.				0.5-2.0	Breeding Swine: Control of leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortion and shedding of leptospirae) caused by <i>Leptospira pomona</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline. Feed continuously for not more than 14 days.	400	
Free-choice feed formulations must be FDA approved.				10	Ducks Control and treatment of fowl cholera caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to chlortetracycline. Feed in complete ration to provide from 8 to 28 mg per pound of body weight per day depending upon age and severity of disease. Feed for not more than 21 days.	200-400	
					Chickens Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae susceptible to chlortetracycline. Feed continuously for 7 to 14 days.	100-200	
Swine Control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by Luwsonia intracellularis susceptible to chlortetracycline. Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and Salmonella cholemesuis and bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to chlortetracycline. (Note: This drug level is equivalent to approximately 400 grams per ton, depending on feed consumption and body weight). Feed for not more than 14 days.				10	Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infection caused by Muçoplisma gallisepticum and Escherichia coli susceptible to chlortetracycline. Feed continuously for 7 to 14 days. Reduction of mortality due to Escherichia coli infections susceptible to	200-400	
					chlortetracycline. Feed for 5 days.		
					Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae susceptible to chlortetracycline. Feed continuously for 7 to 14 days.	200	
Turkeys					Control of hexamitiasis caused by <i>Hexamita meleagridis</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline. Feed continuously for 7 to 14 days.	400	
				25	Turkey poults not over 4 weeks of age: Reduction of mortality due to paratyphoid caused by Salmonella typhimurium susceptible to chlortetracycline.	400	
				mg per head per day	Indications For Use	mg per g feed	
Cattle Growing Cattle (over 400 lb): For the reduction of the incidence of liver abscesses.				70	Psittacine birds Warning: Psittacosis, avian chlamydiosis, or ornithosis is a reportable communicable disease, transmissible between wild and domestic birds, other animals and man. Contact		
Beef Cattle and Dairy Replacement Heifers: Control of bacterial pneumonia associated with shipping fever complex caused by Pasteurella spp. susceptible to chlortetracycline.				350	appropriate public health and regulatory officials. Caution: Aspergillosis may occur following prolonged treatment.		
Beef Cattle (under 700 lb): Control of active infection of anaplasmosis caused by <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.				350		10	
caused by Campylobacter fetus infection susceptible to chlortetracycline.				80	cockatoos should be kept individually or in pairs in clean cages.		
Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings No withdrawal period is required when used according to label. This drug is not approved for use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves bom to these cows. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal. Do not feed to ducks or turkeys producing eggs for human consumption.							
Stone below 25% (77%), avaryzions parmitted to 40% (104%). Tability recoal anomal bars							

Store below 25°C (77°F), excursions permitted to 40°C (104°F). Tightly reseal opened bags.

Approved by FDA under ANADA # 200-510 Deracin is a trademark of Pharmgate Inc.